

PAINTS, PRIMERS AND SPECIALISED COATINGS

SAFETY DATA SHEET

116/W138 - ACRYLIC FLOORPAINT CLEAR GLAZE FOR FLOORS

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended. Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name 116/W138 - ACRYLIC FLOORPAINT CLEAR GLAZE FOR FLOORS

Product number 116/W138/T

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Paint.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier COO-VAR TEAL & MACKRILL EU B.V.

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 Zandvoortstraat 69

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Contact person Technical Department -, 08.30 - 16.30 hrs Mon - Thurs, 08.30 - 15.00 hrs Fri, as above

Manufacturer TEAL & MACKRILL LIMITED

LOCKWOOD STREET

HULL HU2 0HN

+44(0)1482 320194(T) +44(0)1482 219266(F) info@teamac.co.uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone +44 (0) 1482 328053 Coo-Var (08.30 - 16.30 hrs Mon - Thurs, 08.30 - 15.00 hrs Fri)

SDS No. 10626

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Not Classified

Health hazards Not Classified

Environmental hazards Not Classified

2.2. Label elements

Hazard statements NC Not Classified

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Precautionary statements P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

> P102 Keep out of reach of children. P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P280 Wear protective gloves, eye and face protection.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water or shower.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Supplemental label

Contains a biocidal product

information Contains CMIT/MIT (3:1) and BIT. May produce an allergic reaction.

Supplementary precautionary P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

statements

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Monopropylene glycol 5-10%

CAS number: 57-55-6 EC number: 200-338-0 REACH registration number: 01-

2119456809-23-xxxx

Classification Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)

Not Classified

1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOL-3(2H)-ONE <0.03%

CAS number: 2634-33-5 EC number: 220-120-9 REACH registration number: 01-

2120761540-60-XXXX

M factor (Acute) = 1

Classification Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)

Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Xn;R22 R43 Xi;R38,R41 N;R50

Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400

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BRONOPOL (INN) <0.03%

CAS number: 52-51-7 EC number: 200-143-0 M factor (Acute) = 10 M factor (Chronic) = 1

Classification

Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 STOT SE 3 - H335 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410

Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)

<0.0015%

CAS number: 55965-84-9

M factor (Acute) = 100 M factor (Chronic) = 100

Classification

Acute Tox. 3 - H301

Acute Tox. 2 - H310

Acute Tox. 2 - H330

Skin Corr. 1 - H314

Eye Dam. 1 - H318

Skin Sens. 1B - H317

Aquatic Acute 1 - H400

Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and

keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and

ensure breathing can take place.

Ingestion DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately. Move affected person to fresh

air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

Skin contact Remove affected person from source of contamination. Remove contaminated clothing

immediately and wash skin with soap and water.

Eye contact Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15

minutes and get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur after washing.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor No specific recommendations.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Do not use water jet as an

extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards The product is non-combustible. Toxic and corrosive gases or vapours.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting

Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Avoid inhalation of vapours and contact with skin and eyes. Provide adequate ventilation.

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Contain spillage with sand, earth or other suitable non-combustible material. Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be reported immediately to the Environmental Agency or other appropriate regulatory body.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see Section 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid spilling. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray mists. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash hands and any other contaminated areas of the body with soap and water before leaving the work site. The Manual Handling Operations Regulations may apply to the handling of containers of this product. To assist employers, the following method of calculating the weight for any pack size is given. Take the pack size volume in litres and multiply this figure by the specific gravity value given in section 9. This will give the net weight of the coating in kilograms. Allowance will then have to be made for the immediate packaging to give an approximate gross weight.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions

Store in closed original container at temperatures between 5°C and 25°C. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Protect from freezing and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Keep containers upright. Store away from the following materials: Oxidising materials. Alkalis. Acids.

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7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

Usage description Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Label the

containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon

as possible.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Monopropylene glycol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 150 ppm 10 $\,\mathrm{mg/m^3}$

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

Monopropylene glycol (CAS: 57-55-6)

DNEL Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 168 mg/m³

Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 10 mg/m³ Consumer - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 10 mg/m³ Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 50 mg/m³

PNEC - Fresh water; 260 mg/l

- marine water; 26 mg/l

Sediment (Freshwater); 572 mg/lSediment (Marinewater); 57.2 mg/l

Soil; 50 mg/kgSTP; 20000 mg/l

- Intermittent release; 183 mg/l

2,2,4 Trimethyl 1,3 Pentanediol Monoisobutyrate (CAS: 25265-77-4)

DNEL Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 13.9 mg/kg/day

Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 49 mg/m³ Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 8.33 mg/kg/day Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 8.33 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 14.5 mg/m³

PNEC - Fresh water; 0.015 mg/l

- Sediment (Freshwater); 0.78 mg/kg

- STP; 7.5 mg/l

- marine water; 0.002 mg/l

- Sediment (Marinewater); 0.078 mg/kg

- Soil; 0.147 mg/kg

Reaction mass of Diethylene glycol dibenzoate, Dipropylene glycol dibenzoate and Trithethylene glycol dibenzoate dibenzoate

DNEL Workers - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 160 mg/kg

Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 35.08 mg/m³

Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 1.7 mg/kg

Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 5.8 mg/m³ General population - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 8 mg/kg

General population - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 8.7 mg/m³

General population - Oral; Short term systemic effects: 80 mg/kg

General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 0.8 mg/kg

General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 1.4 mg/m³

General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 0.8 mg/kg

PNEC - Fresh water; 0.0029 mg/l

- marine water; 0.00029 mg/l

- Intermittent release; 0.029 mg/l

- Sediment (Freshwater); 0.0263 mg/kg

- Sediment (Marinewater); 0.0263 mg/kg

- Soil; 1 mg/kg - STP; 10 mg/l

-;

Sodium Benzoate (CAS: 532-32-1)

DNEL Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 62.5 mg/kg/day

Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 31.25 mg/kg

Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 16.6 mg/kg Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 3 mg/m³

Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 0.1 mg/m³
Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 1.5 mg/m³

Consumer - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 0.06 mg/m³

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment







Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Observe Occupational Exposure Limits and minimise the risk of inhalation of vapours.

Eye/face protection

Wear approved, tight fitting safety glasses where splashing is probable.

Hand protection

To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standards EN388 and 374. As a general principle, exposure should be managed by means other than the provision of protective gloves. Manufacturers' performance data suggest that the optimum glove for use should be: Neoprene, nitrile, polyethylene or PVC. Barrier cream applied before work may make it easier to clean the skin after exposure, but does not prevent absorption through the skin. It should be noted that liquid may penetrate the gloves. Frequent changes are recommended. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material.

Other skin and body protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent reasonably probable skin contact.

Hygiene measures

No specific hygiene procedures recommended but good personal hygiene practices should always be observed when working with chemical products.

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Respiratory protection Protection against nuisance dust must be used when the airborne concentration exceeds 10

mg/m3. In case of inadequate ventilation or risk of inhalation of dust, use suitable respiratory

equipment with particle filter (type P2).

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Viscous liquid. Creamy liquid. **Appearance**

Colour White. Dries clear

Odour Mild.

Odour threshold Not determined. Melting point Not applicable. Initial boiling point and range Not determined.

Flash point Not applicable.

Evaporation rate Not determined.

Evaporation factor Not determined.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Not applicable.

Not determined. Vapour pressure Not determined. Vapour density

1.04 approx. @ @ 20 C°C Relative density

Bulk density Not applicable.

Solubility(ies) Miscible with water

Auto-ignition temperature Not applicable.

2.7 (Rotothinner) P @ 25 C°C Viscosity

Explosive properties Not applicable.

Explosive under the influence

Not considered to be explosive.

Oxidising properties The mixture itself has not been tested but none of the ingredient substances meet the criteria

for classification as oxidising.

9.2. Other information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

of a flame

Reactivity There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous

Not determined.

reactions

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10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with the following materials:

Acids. Oxidising agents.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Strong alkalis. Strong acids. Strong oxidising agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

products

Oxides of carbon. Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and

other toxic gases or vapours.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Toxicological effects No data recorded.

General information No specific health hazards known.

Inhalation No specific health hazards known.

Ingestion No harmful effects expected from quantities likely to be ingested by accident.

Skin contact Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.

Eye contact May cause temporary eye irritation.

Acute and chronic health

hazards

This product has low toxicity. Only large quantities are likely to have adverse effects on

human health.

Route of exposure Skin absorption. Ingestion. Skin and/or eye contact.

Medical considerations Skin disorders and allergies.

Toxicological information on ingredients.

Monopropylene glycol

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ 20,000.0

mg/kg)

Species Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 20,000.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ 2,100.0

mg/kg)

Species Rabbit

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 2,100.0

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation Not irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye Not irritating.

damage/irritation

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Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Not sensitising.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Not sensitising.

1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOL-3(2H)-ONE

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀

1,193.0

mg/kg)

Species Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 1,193.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ 4,115.0

mg/kg)

Species Rat

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 4,115.0

Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)

Acute toxicity - oral

ATE oral (mg/kg) 100.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 50.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

ATE inhalation (vapours 0.5

mg/l)

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity There are no data on the ecotoxicity of this product.

12.1. Toxicity

Ecological information on ingredients.

Monopropylene glycol

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC50, 96 hours: 40613 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC₅o, > 48 hours: 43500 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic EC₅₀, 96 hours: 19000 mg/l, Scenedesmus subspicatus

plants EC₅₀, 96 hours: 19000 mg/l, Freshwater algae

Acute toxicity - NOEC, 18 hours: 20000 mg/l, Activated sludge

microorganisms

1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOL-3(2H)-ONE

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Acute aquatic toxicity

LE(C)₅₀ $0.1 < L(E)C50 \le 1$

M factor (Acute) 1

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 2.18 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC₅₀, 48 hours: 2.94 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

EC₅₀, 72 hours: 0.11 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

BRONOPOL (INN)

Acute aquatic toxicity

LE(C)₅₀ $0.01 < L(E)C50 \le 0.1$

M factor (Acute) 10

Chronic aquatic toxicity

M factor (Chronic)

Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)

Acute aquatic toxicity

LE(C)₅₀ $0.001 < L(E)C50 \le 0.01$

M factor (Acute) 100

Chronic aquatic toxicity

M factor (Chronic) 100

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The product is expected to be biodegradable.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Monopropylene glycol

Persistence and

degradability

The product is readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation - Degradation 81%: > 28 days

- Degradation 96%: 64 days

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Monopropylene glycol

Bioaccumulative potential The product is not bioaccumulating. BCF: < 100,

Partition coefficient log Pow: 1.07

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility The product contains substances, which are water soluble and may spread in water systems.

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Ecological information on ingredients.

Monopropylene glycol

Mobility The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which have a

photochemical ozone creation potential.

Henry's law constant 0.00566 atm m3/mol @ @ 12 °C °C

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

assessment

Ecological information on ingredients.

Monopropylene glycol

Results of PBT and vPvB This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria. assessment

assessinent

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects Not determined.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Waste should be treated

as controlled waste. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the

requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

Disposal methods Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses.

Waste class When this coating, in its liquid state, as supplied, becomes a waste, it is categorised as non-

hazardous waste, with code 08 01 12 (WATER BASED LIQUID WASTE). Part used containers, not drained and/or rigorously scraped out and containing dry residues of the supplied coating, are categorised as non-hazardous waste, with code 08 01 12 (WATER BASED LIQUID WASTE). If mixed with other wastes, the above waste code may not be applicable. Used containers, drained and/or rigorously scraped out and containing dry

residues of the supplied coating, are categorised as non-hazardous waste, with code 15 01 02

(plastic packaging) or 15 01 04 (metal packaging).

SECTION 14: Transport information

General The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods

(IMDG, IATA, ADR/RID).

14.1. UN number

Not applicable.

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable.

Proper shipping name

PAINT OR PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

(ADR/RID)

Proper shipping name (IMDG) PAINT OR PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

Proper shipping name (ICAO) PAINT OR PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

Proper shipping name (ADN) PAINT OR PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not applicable.

14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

No information required.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No. 2677) (as

amended).

EU legislation Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18

December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of

Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as

amended).

Guidance Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Road

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

GHS: Globally Harmonized System.

ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

LD₅₀: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.

REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation

(EC) No 1907/2006.

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.

RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Rail.

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern. vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative. cATpE: Converted Acute Toxicity Point Estimate. EC₅₀: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.

Classification abbreviations and acronyms

Aquatic Acute = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute)
Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)

Asp. Tox. = Aspiration hazard

Carc. = Carcinogenicity

Eye Dam. = Serious eye damage

Eye Irrit. = Eye irritation

Resp. Sens. = Respiratory sensitisation

Skin Irrit. = Skin irritation Skin Sens. = Skin sensitisation

STOT SE = Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure STOT RE = Specific target organ toxicity-repeated exposure

Revision comments

Issued in new format for Reach compliance in accordance with EC 1272/2008 Issued in accordance with Annex II to REACH, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830 Revision of in can biocides information. Addition of EU supplier information

Issued by Technical Dept. (P.E.)

Revision date 02/02/2021

Revision 7.1

Supersedes date 30/09/2020

SDS number 10626

SDS status Approved.

Hazard statements in full H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H302 Harmful if swallowed. H310 Fatal in contact with skin. H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H330 Fatal if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Signature Initials _____

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.